FIFTY-SECOND YEAR.

SATURDAY, MARCH 9, 1901, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

NUMBER 93

CLOSING HOURS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

Sixtieth Day Comes on Thursday Next-Three Hundred and Fifty-four Bills Have Been Introduced.

The Utah Legislature has been in sessen fifty-five days. Its legal life continues five days more, including Sunday. The actual time for adjournment will be 12 o'clock noon on Thursday, and both branches are working hard to complete their labors by that time. As to whether they will succeed is a question. Some of the members are confideet of finishing within the time prescribed by the organic law of the State, while others point to the vast amount of untransacted business and say that to janitor will have to get his ladder maturn back the hands of the legislagordock. This may be necessary. But hasy event the session will not be pro-Inged beyond Saturday night.

In the matter of introducing bills the present Legislature is a record-breaker,

eclipsing all of its precedessors by considerable. Measures have been brought forth on almost every conceivable ques. tion that belongs to civil entity. The exact number is 354. Of this number 119 originated in the Senate and 235 in the House. A great many of these, however, have been killed, on the supposition that they were either needless or dangerous. Sifting committees are hard at work and others will be slaughtered in short order. Their authors do not take kindly to this action in all cases. But it was ever thus and with this thought in mind they find some consolation. A resume of Legislative work is not necessary at this time, the "News" having published the proceedings each day and given a review for busy readers at the end of each week,

GOV. WELLS A VERY BUSY MAN.

Associated with the closing of the Legislature, as has been said, is a vast amount of work. Everybody connected with it has his share to do. Some have more. One of these, is Governor Wells, who is fairly "up to his ears" with important matters awaiting his closest attention and consideration. When seen in his private office this af. ternoon he was delving into figures -probably those belonging to the general appropriation bill-and absolutely unable to spare a moment to discuss anything. Said he: "I have more matters in hand than I know what to do with. Do I care to discuss the revenue

MAN WHO TRIED

TO SCARE KEARNS

Further details regarding the arrest

mail and extortion of money from Unit-

ed States Senator Thomas Kearns have

citizen of Salt Lake, Ogden, and Park

Owing to the prompt action of F. J.

Wescott, the private secretary to Sen-

ator Kearns in this city, in placing the

two letters sent to the senator and to

Mrs. Kearns in the hands of Postoffice

Inspector Shurp, the matter has been

The first letter was received by Mr. Wescott on February 23rd, and de-

manded the payment of \$5,000, which

was to be shipped to \$20 bills, enclosed

in a package of old magazines. It pur-

the address given was Box 484, Schuy-

ler, Neb. The second letter came two days afterward and was this time ad-

dressed to Mrs. Kearns and demanded

\$1,400. Both letters were lengthy and

contained dire threats. The original

letters were turned over to Inspector Sharp by Mr. Westcott and copies were

cent to the senator. The inspector im-

mediately opened communication with

the authorities in the East, with the re-

sult that E. J. Wolter is now under

nds of \$2,000 to appear for trial be-

Wolter when interviewed would

parties in this. That is all I

fore the Federal grand jury at Omaha,

say nothing further than that he was

look bad on the face, but I have no misglyings as to the outcome. There

Senator Kearns said when seen in

Washington that he hardly remembered the man, and that he wished to see

him well punished for threatening his

Those who knew Wolter when he was

th business here express great surprise at the affair, and say that his mind

travity for money at any cost im-

planted by his recent business troubles.

he is said to be a very agreeable man, and, except for occasional exhibitions

of extieme nervousness, is perfectly ra-

tional His business reputation was good and he had many friends in the

places where he has lived. No motive

other than simply an insane idea to get

money by blackmailing the senator car

he assigned. Those who know both Sesator Rearns and Wolter say that

they believe the latter never even knew

KEARNS SEES PRESIDENT.

He Extends an Invitation to Him to

Visit Utah.

[SPECIAL TO THE "NEWS."]

Washington, D. C., March 9.-Senator

Yearns called on the President this af-

bracon and stated to him that the peo-

he of Utah were extremely desirous of

teeing the chief executive when he goes

that he appreciated the invitation, but

could not now say what action he would

Advertisements were sent out today

by the secretary of the treasury for the separatructure of the Cheyenne, Wyoning, public building bids to be opened

Increase of pension granted John Monroe soldier, Idaho at \$12. Jos. Lippman left for New York to-tay, Mr. Lippman will account for

PENSIONS.

CHEYENE PUBLIC BUILDING.

take in going and coming.

the senator except by

man have become unbalanced, and

not guilty and added, "The case may

ported to come from M. P. Cos

been received from Omaha.

business in these cities.

brought to a speedy close.

and taxation bills at this time? No do not. I have not sufficient time to consider the matters directly in hand, do not. much as I might like to say something or you."

Anent the question of revenue and

taxation some important changes are contemplated. Thus far, however, nothing of grave moment has been enacted into law. Speaker Glasmann has had some original views along this line, and has crystalized some of them into bills and talked long and loud for them up-on the floor of the House. His bill proposing changes in the method of assessing the banks has brought forth a storm from the bankers and some op-position from other sources. The measure is still undisposed of and honors are

family are expected to leave for home on Sunday. Senator and Mrs. Kearns will go to New York on Monday.

DEPARTMENT CLEAN UP. Police Headquarters Being Thoroughly

Overhauled by Peter Paulson-

Every time there is any whitewashing and subsequent arriagnment of Ernest going on at the police station or around J. Wolter, accused of attempted blackthe jail it is a foregone conclusion that Peter Paulson is doing time. About three weeks ago Peter was sent up for three months for disturbing the peace, It appears that Wolter was a former and since that time the old bastile has been whitewashed throughout. This City, and was engaged in the clothing week he has been engaged in painting and calcimining the back rooms of the station.

Chief Hilton stated yesterday that the rooms were to be repapered, new linoleum would be laid on the floors and the wood work was to be grained. walls of the old station are very dingy and it is difficult to determine the ori ginal color or pattern of the paper out when Peter gets through with it, will present an entirely different and better appearance.

MONTHLY REPORT.

City Board of Health Files its Monthly Statement

The city board of health has compiled its report for the month of February, which is as follows: Deaths, 54; males, 28, females 26; same month last year, 58. The causes of death are given as follows: Diphtheria 3, erysipelas 1, smallpox 1, alcoholism 1, inanition 1, pulmonary tuberculosis 2, apoplexy 1, cerebral hemorrhage 1, cerebro-spinal meningitis 1, chorea 1, epilepsy 1, paralysis 1, spinal meningitis 1, appendicitis 1, acute enteritis 1, cirrhosis of liver 1, angina pectoris 1, curdiac insufficiency 2. heart disease 5, bronchitis 2, bronche pneumonia 14, Bright's dicease 1, cancer of uterus 1, cystitis 1, nephritis 1, pelvic abscess 1, old age, overdose of laudanum 1, traume de nyelitis 1, total 54. Births reported, 60, males 30, fe-

The following saultary work was done during the month: Complaints ceived, 20; inspections made, 240; writ ten notices served, 145; nuisances abat ed, 141; cess pools cleaned, 53; fithy yards cleaned, 25; notices to remove manure, 43; loads of garbage disposed of, 171; swill, 102; pounds of bad vege 11,000; dead animals removedhorses 15, cows 8, calves 5, dogs 113, hogs, 3; cases of bad bologna, 24. Fumigation for contagious diseases, 59.

HEALTH OF THE CITY.

Following is the city health board's report for the week ending today: Births, 40; males, 26; females, 14. Deaths, 18; males, 10; females, 8. Bodies brought here for interment, 2;

shipped away, 1.

Smallpox cases reported, 55, as against 31 for last week. Six cases of scarlet fever were reported, which is the same as the week previous, maki cases of this disease now under quarantine in the city. No new cases of diphtheria were reported, and there only 2 cases quarantined in the

vest in March next. The President said COUNTY AUDITOR FILES CLAIMS

> County Auditor Wood today filed two claims with the State board of examiners on behalf of Salt Lake county, one of which is for expenses incurred by the county in copying mining records of the West Mountain mining district, in pursuance of the mining law passed by the Legislature March 11, 1897, amounting to \$1,242. The other is for making plats for county assessor for the year 1991, amounting to \$2,693.94. State has delayed the payment of these claims for a long time, but the county is now desirous of having them liqui-

EIGHT HOUR BILL FAILS.

Fate So Often Met Before.

SENATE DOES THE WORK.

Bill Originated in the House and Was Adversely Reported Upon in Upper Branch - Other Business,

The attempt to fix eight hours as the ength of the working day on all public works, has failed. House bill No. 223 looking to that end was reported on unfavorably by the committee on labor in the Senate this afternoon, and the report was adopted, which killed the

The committee on judiciary reported favorably on Senate bills, 53 authorizing school trustees to levy a tax for the purpose of refunding taxes unlawfully collected, and Senate bill 54, re-lating to judgments against county offacers. The same committee reported adversely on Senate bill 52, relating to taxes unlawfully collected.

The Senate somewhat resented the

way in which the House mutilated Senate bill No. 73, changing the member-ship and the salaries of the State land ship and the salaries of the State land board. The bill provided for the increasing of the salary of the secretary from \$1,500 to \$1,800, and reducing the salaries of the members from \$1,200 to \$1,000. The House changed the provisions, refixing the salaries of the members at \$1,200, and reducing the salary of the secretary back to \$1,500. After some discussion the Senate refused to concur with the House, and a fused to concur with the House, and a committee was appointed composed of Senators Smoot, Sherman and Johnson to confer with a like committee of the House to see if an agreement could not

be reached. Senator Johnson moved a reconsideration of Senate bill 75, and it passed by a vote of 11 to 4, Senator Whitney having been excused from voting.

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

As unfinished business Senate bill No. 73, reducing the number of land com-missioners and fixing their salaries, was warmed up and served over again in the House this afternon. Holm gren's irrigation was also on the floo for re-threshing. On motion of Mr. Holmgren the emergency clause was stricken out, there not being enough members present to pass the bill with that clause. Mr. Davis objected and Mr. Holmgren withdrew his motion. The sergeant-at-arms was sent to rout out members from the committee rooms and the bill was then passed by a vote

Mr. Van Horne then moved for reconsideration of Smith's bill, No. 210, raising the contingency tax levy in cities and reducing the street and sewer taxs. Mr. Smith amended the bill so as to operate in cities of the first class yesterday that yesterday to cities the objection having been made yesterday that it would be huriful to cities of the third class. The amendment prevailed by 22 to 6 votes and the bill being put on final passage went through sailing with 31 friends and 2 enemies. Mr. Van Horne then moved that Holmgren's irrigation bill, No. 51, be put to the vote without debate. The motion prevalled, and the bill passed

Wells' House bill No. 167, to raise the tax levy for schools, was next reconsidered. Mr. Harmon offered as an amendment to the bill that the prosed increase of the tax from mills apply only to cities of the first lass, and that only during the year Thus amended the bill passed

Mr. Glasmann then called Mr. Anderson to the chair, and two of his tax bills, Nos. 92 and 193, were put on the scales. No. 92, providing for state-ments by corporations for assessment purposes and the equalization of taxes vas not found wanting, and passed by a vote of 30 to 4, just enough to save it with the emergency clause.

The bill is a copy of the Ohio and adiana law. The amendments were Indiana law. adopted. A adopted. A section was added to cover a case of railroad, telegraph, telephone and express companies, to the effect that their combined capital stock and bonds be divided by the tonumber of miles operated so as to obtain the actual average money value per mile, and that the actual money value of the capital stock and oonds combined of each line within the State shall be taken to be the average gross value of the capital stock and bonds combined per mile, multiplied by the number of miles operated within the State.

The "News" report closed just as consideration of Senate bill No. 7, to tax inheritances, was taken up, by request. WILL NOT OPEN TOMORROW.

Librarian Chapman, of the public library, reports that arrangement for heating the reading rooms for tomorrow aftenoon have not been completed, and as a consequence the institution will not open tomorrow as anticipated, It seems the library board decided to throw the rooms open, before they consuited with the board of control of the joint building as to paying for the additional expense attached to the move, which has caused the hitch in their plans. Miss Chapman, however, is confident the library will be open for March 17th-Sunday week.

LATE LOCALS.

The City Council will meet in Street Condie's office Supervisor morning at 9 o'clock, to go down to in spect the proposition of cutting 24 feet off east side of Liberty Park, with which to increase the width of Seventh East street.

By a warranty deed today filed in the county recorder's office, Ezra O, Taylor and wife have conveyed to Paul Hein, for a consideration of \$2.600, 10x21/2 rods of lot 1, block 104, plat A, being on the corner of West Temple and First North

City Recorder Nystrom this afternon received through the mails the five hundred \$1,000 bonds which have been for some time past from expected Messrs, Farson, Leach & Co., of New

St V. LeSieur today filed an answer to the amended complaint of the plain-tiffs in the case of the United States vs LeSieur, Sidney LeSieur and A. A. Noon.

Edwin W. Fish filed a petition in bankruptcy late yesterday afternoon. His liabl'itles amount to \$633.14 and of 12,194.45 in assets \$1,098.50 is claimed ex-

RAILROADS AND NIGURACUA CANAL

Former Had Killed Latter.

COULD NOT WATER BOTH.

Big Steel Combine but Another Illustration of Trust Evil Fought in Last Campaign.

New York, March 9 .- W. J. Bryan arived here today from Buffalo. He said he expected to remain here several days on business connected with the

"I stopped at Buffalo," sale Mr. Bryan, "and saw the Pan-American exposition grounds and building. The color scheme impresses me as better than the Chicago world's fair and I believe the exposition will be quite as big a success as that of 1893." Mr. Bryan said he would deliver no

speeches and attend no public exercises. He had nothing to say about free silver Mr. Bryan was questioned about vari-ous matters of public interest and made

the following replies: "It looks as if the Nicaraguan canal project had fallen through. The trans-continental railroads and the McKinley

continental railroads and the Mckinley administration are responsible. The railroads are afraid that if the water was used for the canal there would be not enough left for their stocks.

"If the Republican party makes no more progress in the next four years than it made in the last four it will soon reach its finish.
"This big steel combine it but any

"This big steel combine, it but another illustration of the trusts we fought in the last campaign. The tendency is to still further and larger consolidations of capital.

"The deadlock in the Nebraska legis-

lature. Oh, yes, that is easily ex-plained. You see, there are only two senatorships at the disposal of the State and there are more than two railroads. Each railroad can't have a senator. Therefore, trouble resulted."

When questioned about the Populist situation, Mr. Bryan begged to be ex-

Filipino Insurgents Surrender.

Manila, March 9.-Frank A. Brannigan, disbursing officer to the American Philippine commission has been appointed treasurer of the Philippine archipelago at a yearly salary of \$6,000. Brannigan furnished bonds in \$200,000. Col. Murray, of the Forty-third United States volunteer infantry, has received the surrender of forty was insurrender. officers and men at the Port of Taclobar of Leyte island. The commission has passed a bill pro

viding an additional \$1,000,000 (Mexican currency) for the improvement of Manila harbor and an act empowering Gen MacArthur to organize municipal governments in those towns where nonnow exist.

Omaha Indians Claim Land.

Sloux City, Iowa, March 9 .- The Omaha Indians on the reservation in eastern Nebraska are preparing to take steps to establish a big land claim. Charles P. Mathewson, Indian agent for the Omahas and Winnebagos, will prosent their case at Washington so that an attorney may be appointed to be-

The Omahas claim that a large portion of Dixon county, Nebraska, longs to them by treaty, made in the early '40s. The claim takes in several thousand acres of the most valuable land in this district. Henry Fontenelle a very bright and educated Indian, who year ago on the Omaha reservation, spent several years in studying the claim. He made a full investiga-tion and declared the claim valid.

SOLICITING AID.

Mrs. Majors in Ogden Raising Money to Defend Her Son.

[SPECIAL TO THE "NEWS."]

Ogden, March 9 .- Mrs. Majors, the mother of Abe Majors, is in this city, accompanied by a Mrs. Johnson of Iowa. The two ladies are soliciting financial aid, with but indifferent success in order to pay the expenses of the second trial of young Abe Majors who murdered Capt, Brown out at Hot Springs some years ago. Majors has once been sentenced to death for his crime, but secured a re-hearing of his He is now lying behind the bars

GROOM WANTS CREDIT.

of the Utah State prison.

Yound Man With a Startling Story Appeals to County Clerk. County Clerk James related today a

peculiar experience with a stranger in his office about 6 o'clock last evening. After the employes of the office had left for the day, and while he was alone, the fellow, who is about 35 years of age, came in and asked if he was Mr. James, the county clerk, to which in-quiry he received an affirmative reply. The man then said he was "dead broke," and that there was a young lady in this city whom he loved, and young woman referred to reciprocated his affections. "Last night," said he, "the father of the girl aught us together, became angry and threatened

to kill me on the spot.
"'Your daughter and I are man and wife, said I, whereupon the irate par-ent demanded that I show our marriage certificate. I told him that it was at a certain place with my other ef-fects, and that I would bring it forth tonight.

"Now," said the man, if I don't get a certificate I expect the angered father will shoot me on sight, therefore I wish you to issue me a license and

ome at once and marry us."

He promised to pay Mr. James on
Monday for the wedding permit, but
as the county clerk did not know him, and is responsible for all fees to the county, he refused to issue the license, unless the stranger would deposit some ecurity. The man went away with a down cast look upon his countenance, and has not been seen since.

MAY ADVANCE FLOUR.

The Salt Lake millers are holding a meeting today and it is said by a prominent miller that a much better feeling prevails, and that a settlement of some kind may be agreed on. If the millers come to terms an advance in flour of at least 10 cents per hundred will be the result

ACONIZING CRY FROM THE POOR.

Measure Once More Meets the Bryan Says Looks as Though Striving to Lead Pure Lives, Find it Impossible.

AIM OF ANTI-VICE CRUSADE

Chairman Baldwin Says it to Give the Children a Pure Moral Atmosphere to Breathe.

New York, March 9.-William H. Baldwin, Jr., chairman of the anti-vice committee of fifteen, discussing the work of that committee before the Civil club last night, said that there was not at present, nor would there be at any time, any politics in the present reform movement. He said:

"The present movement is only the answer to the most agonizing cry that ever came from the poor, who are striving to lead a pure life and find it | sies of Count Leo Tolstoi." impossible under present conditions "Just as soon as we come to the full realization of this deviltry that is going

on and the awful conditions that exist we will be ready to take this subject in full earnest and never stop until our city is clean and a community that we can justly be proud of."

Mr. Baldwin spoke of the evil effects of vice when it invades the tenement. He said there were 80,000 tenement houses in the city. From ten to twenty families.

families live in each and there was in each an average of fifteen children. "And is it not time." he asked, "that the traffic of vice in the streets shall cease? We cannot say that vice shall stop, unfortunately, but we have the right to demand that the atmosphere we breathe be pure, that houses be clean and that the children of the poor

HAY-PAUNCEFOTE TREATY. Lord Pauncefote Will Submit Proposals for a Revival of it.

shall have a chance to grow up in de-

New York, March 9.—According to a special to the Herald, Secretary Hay has received advices that Lord Paunce-fote will submit proposals for the refor harmonizing the points of differences between the United States Senate and the British government. Senor Silvela, the Colombian minister to the United States, has already in-

formally submitted proposals to Sec-retary Hay for the acquisition of the Panama canal by this government and has been invited to discuss them fur-ther. Preliminary protocols were entered into some time ago with Costa Rica and Nicaragua, so that these two countries during the summer will probably be merely interested spectators of the moves which the United States, Great Britain and Colombia will make It is understood that these are the essential points which the Colombian government will urge: A lease for a term of years, as long as the United States may desire, not exceeding 200 years, of the territory across which the Panama canal is being constructed. In return for such lease Colombia is to receive either a percentage of the

on tonnage passing through the canal compensation. Recognition of the rights of the French company which will sell its con-cession with Colombia's consent to the

PRESIDENT COMING WEST. Tour Will be Made in May and Occupy Six Weeks.

New York, March 9 .- A special to the Press from Washington says: At the cabinet meeting the President told his secretaries that the start for California would be made the first week in May. He extended an earnest invitation to the whole cabinet to accompany him.

The purpose is to make the journey

by a leisurely itinerary devoting per-haps six weeks to the round trip including the week or more to be spent in California. The return is to be by one of the northern routes with possibly a visit to Yellowstone park, which the President has been trying to see for several years.

WEST POINT HAZING VICTIM. Cadet Kensel Resigns Because of Trouble With His Eyes.

New York, March 9 .- A special to the Press from Boston says: Another victim of hazing in West Point has come to light here through the resignation of Frederick Kensel, as a cadet in the United States military academy. Kensel will return at once to his home, West Somerville, one of the suburbs of Boston.

The reason given for Kensel's resigna. tion is falling eyesight, but from the family the real cause has been learned. Early in June he was in the hospital on account of trouble with his eyes. It was not the season of study in West Point, and he never had any diffi-

culty with his eyes previous to entering the academy. The statement made by the family is that while standing on his head in a tent, which was the rule for the "plebes" whenever an upper classman entered. Kensel was kicked right eye by an upper classman and was sent to the hospital. Kensel was not seriously hurt, and was able to leave the hospital in a few days, Soon after, while attempting to swallow teaspoonful of tobasco sauce, he choked and it spilled over his handkerchief. He was blindfolded with the same handkerchief afterward and the sauc got in to his eyes. This compelled him

return again to the hospital on account of trouble with his eyes. On account of his physical condition he has been unable to do his full duty in the academy, and had to resign, Kensel was appointed in 1899.

Presidential Nominations.

Washington, March 9.-The President today sent the following nominations to the Senate: H. K. Butterfield to be attorney for the eastern district of Wisconsin; Samuel W. Stratton, of Illinois, director of the national bureau of standards; Edwin Vernon Morgan, of New York, now secretary of legation at Seoul, to be second secretary of the embassy at St. Petersburg.

Navy—Frank B. Case to be an ensign on the retired list of the navy, formerly a midshipman in the navy,

To be Members of the Commission to Carry into Effect the Stipulations of Article 7 of the Ttreaty between the United States and Spain-William E. United States and Spain—William E. Chandler of New Hampshire; Gerrit J.

Diekema, of Michigan; James Perry

Week.

All this is taken as an indication that the sincerity and propriety of R purpose relative to Manchuria.

EXCOMMUNICATION OF COUNT TOLSTOI.

Synod Publishes the Decree-His Apostacy Placed on Record-God Asked to Have Mercy on Him.

St. Petersburg, March 9.-The official | church and this not only clandestinely, organ of the holy synod today publishes the formal excommunication of Count Tolstoi, the Russian novelist and social reformer, which was announced early in the year, as follows:

"In its solicitude for the children of

the orthodox church to guard them from being led into corruption and in order to save those who have gone astray, the holy synod has deliberated on the anti-Christian and anti-ecclesiastical teachings of Count Leo Tolstol and has deemed it expedient, in order to preserve the peace of the church to issue a circular dealing with the here-The circular is as follows:

"Count Leo Tolstoi, to the grief and horror of the whole orthodox world has, by speech and writing, unceasingly striven to separate himself from all communication with the orthodox

"Bishop of Boris."

Wood, of Ohio; William A. Maury, of the District of Columbia, and William L. Chambers, of Alabama. William E. Fuller, of Iowa, to be assistant attorney-general of the United

States army, United States Artillery-First Lieutenants to be Captains—John P. Hayne William L. Lassiter, George Lee, Henry Todd, Jr., Thomas W. Winston, Clint C. Hearn. Also a number of army and navy pro-

QUEEN VICTORIA'S CANE. King Edward Presents it to Spencer

Cecil Brabazon Ponsonby-Fane. London, March 9 .- The king has bestowed an unusual token of recogni-

tion of service upon Sir Spencer Cecil Brabazon Ponsonby-Fane, a life long officer of Queen Victoria's household. The recipient of the king's favor, who is broken down by old age and is re-tiring to private life, was summoned to Marlborough house, where the king in a few simple phrases of thanks for his loyalty to his mother, presented him with the cane with which Queen Victoria walked for thirty years. The old man's relatives say that if the king had raised him to a dukedom he could not so have kindled his wide or could not so have kindled his pride or touched his heart.

Young Turks Threaten Violence.

Constantinople, March 9 .- Placards posted in Stamboul by the young Turks party threaten to meet violence on the part of the government with violence. One passage, directed against Russia and Germany, asserts that Turkey is in the hands of those powers.

Sugar Reduced 25 Points.

New York, March 9 .- All grades of refined sugars were reduced 25 points this morning. General Harrison Slightly Better.

Indianapolis, March 9.-It was an-

nounced at the Harrison home this morning that the general was slightly better. He passed a fairly comfortable night and the pain accompanying the

Sugar Trust Magnate Dead.

New York, March 9 .- A private dispatch was received here today announce ing the death in Paris of F. O. Matthie son, a director of the American Sugar Refining company, the Standard Dis tilling and Distributing company, and several other corporations.

Niles, Mich., Bank Failure.

Washington, March 9.-A telegram was received by the controller of currency this morning announcing the of the Niles, Mich. National Bank Examiner Joseph W. Shelden has been appointed temporary receiver.

The following is a statement of the bank, at the close of business on February 5, 1901, as shown by its report the comptroller: Capital, stock, \$100,000; surplus and

Senate Adjourns Sine Die. Washington, March 9 .- The Senate today confirmed all nominations pend-

ing in the Senate. At 1:15 p. m., the Senate adjourned without day. COMPLICATIONS IN MACEDONIA

Extraordinary Congress Summoned to Consider Them. Sofia, March 9 .- The Macedonia com mittee has summoned an extraordinary congress for March 31, to consider the complications in Macedonia. Great ex-citement prevails in Macedonian circles

and the expectation is that there will be lively developments in Macedonia. Reduction Withdrawn.

Altoona, Pa., March 9 .- The bitumin ous coal operators notified the miners. who are in convention here, that they would withdraw their demand for a reduction of 5 cents in the price of pick The miners are now in secret session, arranging a compromise proposition with a view bringing about a speedy settlement.

Coal Company Notice.

Scranton, Pa., March 9.—The Delaware & Hudson Coal company today ordered the posting of a notice at all the company mines in the Lackawanna and Wyoming valleys to the effect that present rate of wages paid to all mine employes, will continue in force until April 1, 1902. At the office of Gen. April 1, 1902. At the office of Gen. Supt. Loomis, of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western company it was stat ed that a similar notice will be issued today, and Capt. May, general superin-tendent of the Hibside Coal & Iron company (the Eric railroad's mining inter ests), said that his company will follow action taken by the others.

The Pennsylvania coal company and the Ontario & Western railroad company will also post notices early next

pray the Lord to restore him to a com-prehension of the truth. We pray Thee, therefore, merciful God, who does not desire the death of a sinner, to hear us, have mercy on him and restore to him thy holy church. Amen.

"ANTONIOUS,
Metropolitan of St. Petersburg.

"THEOGNOSE,
"Metropolitan of Kieff.
"WLADIMIR,
"Metropolitan of Mescow" "Metropolitan of Moscow."
"HIERONYMUS, "Archbishop of Kolm and Warsaw.
"JAKOFF,
"Bishop of Kichineft.
"MARKAL,

but openly and in the knowledge of all persons. All attempts to dissuade him from this conduct have proved without avail. Consequently the orthodox church no longer considers him to be one of its members.

one of its members and cannot regard him as such as long as he does not re-pent and does not become reconciled to the church. We therefore place on rec-

ord his apostacy from the church and pray the Lord to restore him to a com-

not be represented at the Hazleton conference next week, and that they are in favor of letting the present conditions remain, thus averting the possibility of a clash with the miners over the wage

Will Maintain Advance in Wages. Hazelton, Pa., March 9.-The Lehigh Valley Coal company, announced today that the 10 per cent advance in wages and other concessions made in November, 1900, will be continued to April 1, 1902, at the company's collieries in the Hazelton region. In view of this statement it is not believed that this com-pany will be represented at the joint conference to be held here next week, as today's notic wipes out all differ-ences with its employes.

What Mitchell Says. Indianapolis, March 9 .- John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers, when told of the Lehigh Valley Coal company's notice at Hazelton today

That's a new move on the part of the operators. The action means that all the operators will post similar no-tices. It means, too, that they do not intend to meet the United Mine Work-ers in conference next Tuesday." ers in conference next Tuesday."
"Would a continuation of the 10 per cent advance by all operators be satisfactory to the miners?

'That's a new move on the part of

"It would not, he replied. President Mitchell will leave for the anthracite field tonight.

Seven of a Crew Saved.

Oran, Algeria, March 9 .- The Italian bark Scillini, which, on March 4, was reported wrecked, has been towed here by a steamer. The Scillini was dismasted and thrown on her beam ends during a gale off Cape Gatte, Febru-ary 26. The vessel drifted for days, those on board being without food or water and some of them jumped over-board and were drowned. The captain was washed away. A fishing boat saved

seven of the crew Bloodhounds on a Criminal's Track. Blueton, Ind., March 9.-Bloodhounds were today put on the trail of the unknown man who attempted a criminal assault on Miss Kittle Delong last night, but owing to the water soaked condition of the ground, they did not strike the trail. Miss Delong will re-

the capture of her assailant. CORRESPONDENCE ON CHINA. Russia Declares She Has No Inten-

A reward of \$500 will be offered for

tion of Seizing Manchuria. Washington, March 9 .- The official correspondence that has passed between the state department and the several powers interested in the Chinese question discloses the fact that Russia suspected as she is by England and perhaps by some other power, of planning to seize and hold Manchuria undivided profits, \$24,777; circulation as her own, has upon every occasion \$100,000; dividends unpaid, \$885; individual deposits, \$387,842; total liabilities. a statement of her motives, declared emphatically that she had no such pur-

On the 16th ultimo the United States addressed strong representations to China through Mr. Conger and Prince Ching and Li Hung Chang. China was told that the United States could not approve any secret negotiations between China and any individual power looking to the concession of territory to such power. And, it was further in. sisted to be valid any such concession of territory should be given only with the assent of all other powers. To still further emphasize the warning against the beginning of a division of China, it was significantly stated that the United State did not regard the present as an opportune time for making any concessions of territory or even for con-ducting negotiations for such conces-

On March 1, the state department took steps to acquaint every one of the powers interested in China with the instructions it had given Mr. Conger. The result was to elicit from nearly all of them expressions of approval of the lines laid down by the United States and foremost among the powers

which accepted it was Russia.

The United States government has not entered into any secret or open agreement with Great Britain or with any individual power, however str ly it may sympathize with the British desire to insure Manchuria against seizure. On the contrary, our government has from the beginning discouraged such special alliances as to China and has adopted the practice of informing every one of the powers of the contents of any statement it has adbe extracted as to the nature of the interchange, it is believed that the ambassador took occasion to again assert the sincerity and propriety of Russia's

contents of any statement it has ad-dressed to any one of them. It is felt here that the greatest strength of our position has lain in this frank and open method of negotiation and there is no disposition to abandon it. Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador, called at the state department today and was closeted with Secretary Hay for half an hour. Although no statement can

Lippmen will after a few days' stay go to Texas. SENATOR KEARNS' FAMILY. The members of Senator Kearn's